Scratch and Batch Cooking Knife Cuts Soup Salad Sandwiches

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SCRATCH AND BATCH COOKERY

- The Idea that all Food Items for the Menu are prepped and portioned from raw ingredients.
- Served immediately or reheated/finished in smaller batches in order to facilitate plating large quantities at once





BATCH COOKERY BASICS

- One 2" deep, full-size hotel pan holds about 7 quarts of food when filled 85%
 - (filled at capacity could spill over when reheated)

Can be approximately 25-35 portions depending on the item portion size



- Vegetables and Starch
 - 2 oz each
- Protein
 - 4-5 oz
- Cooked Pasta
 - 4-5 oz
- Sauce
 - I 2 oz for protein
 - 4 oz for pasta

SYSTEMS OF PRODUCTION

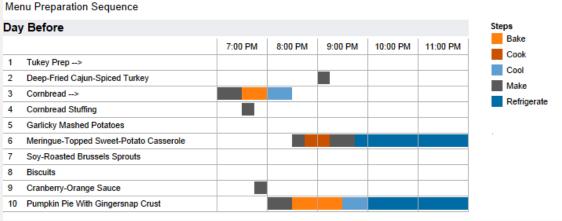
- <u>Row and Column</u> system of production count
- Counting trays or hotel pans, not items
- Counting carts, not trays
- <u>Put the same count</u> in each row, each tray, hotel pan, or cart



PRIORITIZATION AND SEQUENCING

THANKSGIVING TIMELINE

- What needs to be cooked and when?
- How well will item hold?
- How long will the item take to produce or reheat?
- Are you going to repurpose the item?



Thanksgiving

		9:00 AM	10:00 AM	11:00 AM	1:00 PM	2:00 PM	3:00 PM	4:00 PM
1	Tukey Prep>							
2	Deep-Fried Cajun-Spiced Turkey							
3	Cornbread>							
4	Cornbread Stuffing							
5	Garlicky Mashed Potatoes							
6	Meringue-Topped Sweet-Potato Casserole							
7	Soy-Roasted Brussels Sprouts							
8	Biscuits							
9	Cranberry-Orange Sauce							
10	Pumpkin Pie With Gingersnap Crust							

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WHAT ARE THE RAMIFICATIONS OF ...?

- Not weighing items properly
- Not scooping items evenly into pans
- Not using the proper size equipment









MISE EN PLACE "EVERYTHING IN ITS PLACE"

Workspace organization is an essential skill for all persons who wish to maximize their efficiency in the kitchen.

3 types of Mise en Place

- Mental
- Ingredients
- Tools/Equipment

Benefits of Mise en Place

- Increased speed and efficiency
 - Accountability
 - Sanitary Conditions
 - Professional appearance

GATHERING MISE EN PLACE

Measure what you need

Prepare everything before you begin cooking



STATION SET UP



 Place a damp paper towel underneath the cutting board to keep it from slipping

STATION SET UP

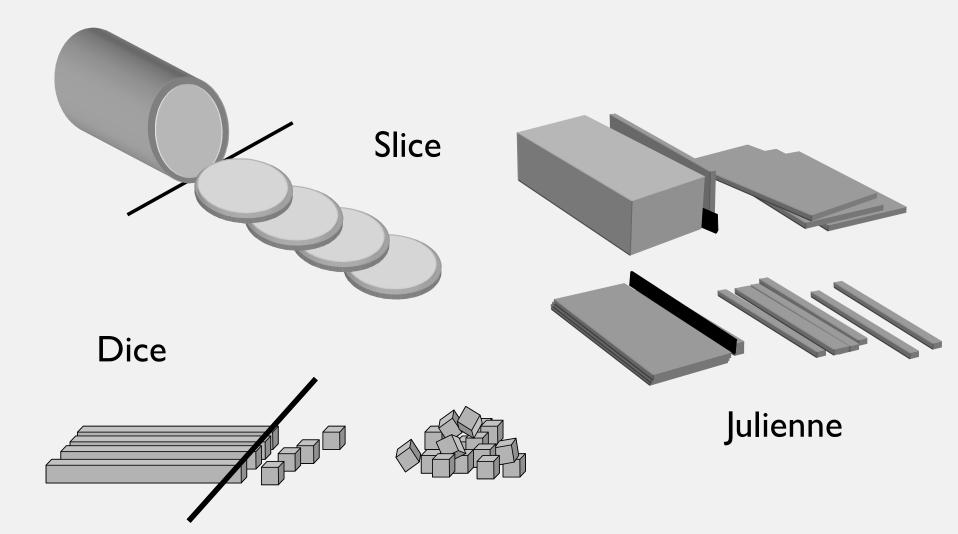


 Place knives, tip end up, cutting edges facing inward, on a clean towel, tray, bain marie or non slip mat next to the board.

MISE EN PLACE PLANNING

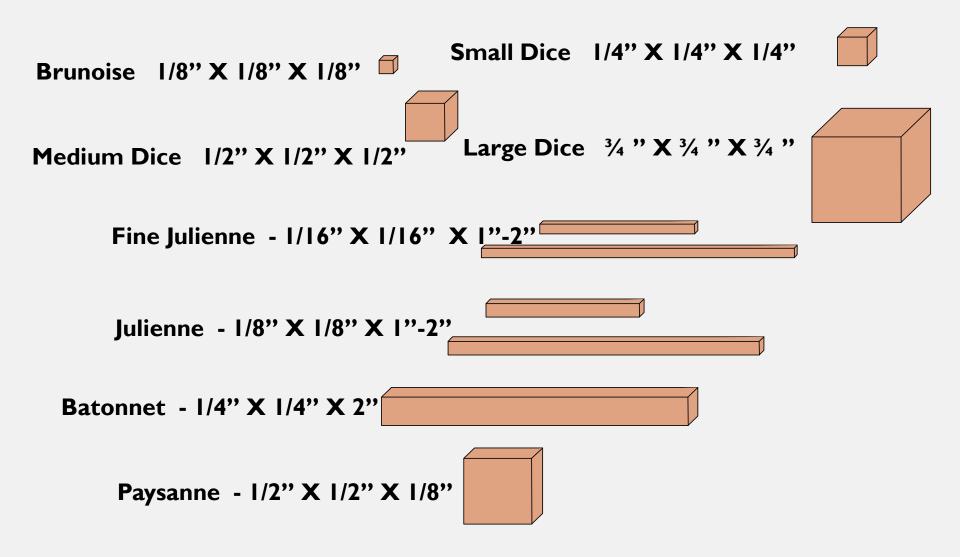
- 1. Read recipe and method through then write recipe in short form
- 2. Discuss group workload as a team, divide workload accordingly (except individual dishes)
- 3. Preheat cooking equipment.
- 4. Gather ALL equipment, tools, service gear, setup station.
- 5. Gather ALL food and store appropriately.

Commonly Used Knife Cuts





Commonly Used Knife Cuts



PRODUCTION CUTS VS. PRECISION CUTS

- Knife cuts are an essential part of the kitchen
- Production cuts are for when the vegetables will be strained out, pureed, or otherwise used in a manner where the look does not matter. Don't waste time!
- <u>Precision cuts</u> are to make food look beautiful and for even cooking. Be precise!
- Pay attention to the recipe to decide which are necessary





STOCKS

Flavorful liquids prepared by simmering meat, poultry, or seafood and/or vegetables in water until the flavors, color are extracted.

They are used for soups, sauces and other culinary preparations. They are a BASE

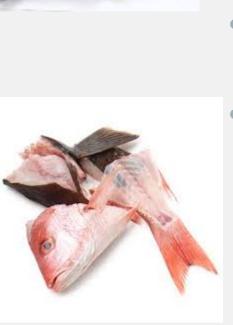
A stock is only as good as the quality of ingredients used and the care it is given during cooking.



BONES:







- The smaller the bones, the better extraction
- Remove excess fat, blood, and glands, if present.
- Wash or blanch bones to remove excess blood
- Fish: choose white fish bones and remove heads and tails for clarity

LIQUIDS FOR STOCKS



- Water: The principal ingredient. Cold water is used to facilitate extraction of cold-water soluble proteins, and give maximum flavor and clarity.
- Wine: Wine and Vermouth are commonly used for fish fumets in addition to water.
- **Remouillage:** Sometimes the liquid from a "second boiling" is used to start a stock.

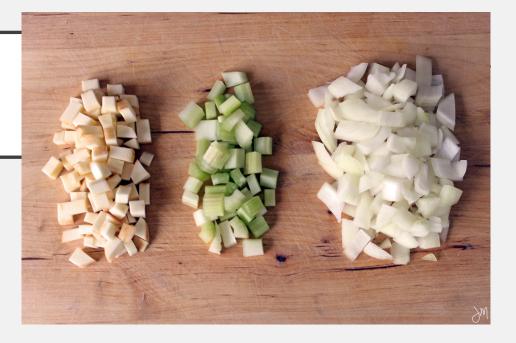
OTHER STOCK INGREDIENTS

- Bouquet Garni: thyme, parsley stems, bay and celery, tied in a leek with string.
- Sachet d'epices: thyme, parsley stems, bay and peppercorns, tied in cheesecloth. Ingredients may vary depending on use.



MIREPOIX





- A mixture of vegetables used to provide supporting flavors in stocks.
- Standard: 2 parts onion, 1 part celery, 1 part carrots
- White: 1 part onion, 1 part celery, 1 part leek, 1 part parsnip

BASIC RATIO FOR MEAT STOCKS

- 8 lbs bones, cut up
- 5 6 qt water
- 1 lb mirepoix
- 1 ea sachet

5 quart for short smaller bones6 quarts for denser bones
 (needs to cook longer)



BROTHS



Broth/Bouillon – Made by simmering meat *AND* bones in stock or water with vegetables and aromatics.

The meat and vegetables used is often used as the garnish of final broth served.

SOUPS ARE DIVIDED INTO TWO MAIN CATEGORIES:



SOUP CONSISTENCIES:





- Clear Soups: Thin like water with a small amount of body from ingredients.
 - Broth
 - Consomme
 - Hearty broths
- Thick Soups: A similar consistency as liquid cream.
 Should coat the back of a spoon.
 - Puree of...
 - Cream of....
 - Bisque



Regional/Country specific



Chowder Ramen Gazpacho Minestrone Tortilla





- Mild Greens
 - Heading
 - Butterhead
 - Romaine
 - loosleafe
- Spicy Greens
- Bitter Greens or Chicories
- Prepared Mixes of greens
- Herbs & Flowers
- Micro Greens



PREPARED SALAD MIX

- Prewashed and Cut baby lettuce leaves.... Great for High Volume but costly
- Mesclun and BMX-Baby Mix
 - A mixture of baby lettuce leaves, herbs
- OMX Oriental Mix
 - A mixture of Asian varieties of lettuce and cabbage greens





CUT OR TEAR?

- Cut with a stainless steel knife.
- Remove excess oxygen



- Tearing has more natural look
- Leaves will tear along natural plant structure





COMPOSED SALAD 4 MAIN COMPONENTS

- Main Item featured item of the dish, variety of cooking method
- Salad greens, vegetables, or legumes
- Dressing balance, proportion, dressed as close to service as possible
- Garnish any item added. Flavor, finesse, variety, texture, color





VINAIGRETTE

- 3:1 ratio Oil:Acid
- Can be used for salad greens, vegetables, marinade, cold sauce...





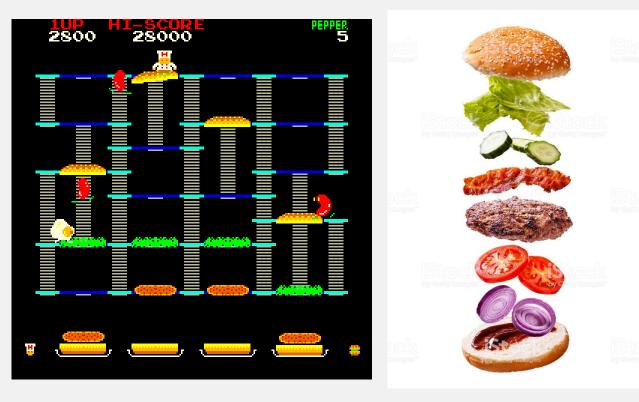
- Basic Vinaigrette:
 - Oil and acid
 - Vinegar
 - Lemon juice, etc...
- Stabilized Vinaigrette:
 - Addition of prepared mustard or other stabilizer

SANDWICHES

- Menu Importance
 - Comfort food
 - Grab-n-go; convenience food
 - Every meal time
 - Regional/ethnic diversity
- Cost effective
 - Can use components from other menus



SANDWICH COMPONENTS



- Bread
- Spread
- Main Item
- Garnish

BREAD

- Foundation on which the sandwich is built
- Varies by country of origin



SPREADS



Condiments that are spread on bread for binding ingredients together.

Provide :

flavor and balance

tangy, sweet, nutty, salty, smokey...

richness

sense of moisture

Occasionally the spreads used as the main item Peanut butter and Jelly Can protect the bread from becoming soggy

some sandwiches use vinaigrette

MAIN ITEM

- The "featured" item of the sandwich.
- All other components are built around the main item and work in harmony with it.

components are equally

Sometimes the main

item is the spread

Sometimes all

important







GARNISHES

Components added to the items in order to embellish the main item.

The quality and presentation of the garnish is as important as any other aspect

can be internal or served on the side

Should be appropriate to flavor profile as a whole.







SEQUENCE OF THE DAY

- Chef Demo
 - Knife cuts
- Production
- Stocks on to cook overnight
 - Clean up
 - Dinner
 - Reset stations for next day